

# RCS2/RCS3/Single-axis Robot Field Network Position Controller SCON Series 6-axis Type

GB





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## Combining six RCS2/RCS3 position controllers into one unit

Space-saving, low-cost dedicated network multi-axis controller



## Space-saving, low-cost, and easy to use

Six RCS2/RCS3 (SCON-CA) controllers are combined into one unit to save the installation space and achieve cost reduction.

In implementations where many SCON controllers are used, switching to MSCON controllers will save the controller installation space to a half or even less. As the controller panel size becomes smaller, cost drops.

## <Easy Teaching>

When teaching the moving position of each axis, the SCON controller requires that the teaching tool (cable) be disconnected from/connected to each controller one by one. With the MSCON controller, all you need is to switch the screen to change the data input axis, which saves the adjustment time.





SCON-CA



Control panel





from/connected to each controller one by one.

All you need is to

switch the screen.

	RoboCylinder <rcs2 series=""></rcs2>	RoboCylinder <rcs3 series=""></rcs3>	Single-axis robot <isa etc.="" isb="" ns="" rs="" series,=""></isa>
12W			
20W			
30W			
60W	and a second		
100W			Ý Ý
150W			
200W			

\* Linear motors (LSA series) are not supported.



## Movement by numerical specification via Field network Substantially shorter transmission time

MSCON controllers can be connected directly to key field networks such as DeviceNet, CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, PROFINET IO, CompoNet, EtherCAT and Ethernet/IP.

## Features of Network Specification

- 256 positioning points per axis
- Moving the actuator after numerically specifying the position to move to, and the speed
- Checking the current position in real time
- Significantly shorter communication time within the controller (approx. one-sixth compared to conventional controllers)



# **B** Offboard tuning function to enhance actuator payload capacity

The offboard tuning function increases the acceleration/ deceleration speed when the load is small, and decreases the acceleration/deceleration when the load is large, to ensure optimal operation settings according to the load.

## Calculating the total number of moves and total distance travelled to alert when maintenance is due

The total number of times the actuator has moved, and total distance travelled, are calculated and recorded in the controller, and a signal will be output to an external device once the preset count or distance is exceeded. This function lets you know when to add grease or carry out periodic inspection.



The vibration control function has been added to prevent the work from shaking (vibrating) on the actuator slider as the slider moves. The wait time for vibration to stabilize is shorter and the cycle time can also be shortened.

## Calendar function to save alarm generation times

The additional clock function makes it easy to analyze alarms as the alarm history is based on time of generation.

(Time data will be retained for 10 days after the power is turned off.)

Ν	Aodel List									
	Model		MSCON-C							
	External view			ģi.						
		DeviceNet connection specification	CC-Link connection specification	PROFIBUS connection specification	CompoNet connection specification	PROFINET connection specification	EtherCAT connection specification	EtherNet/IP connection specification		
	I/O type	DeviceNet	CC-Link	₽ŖŎĘŢ <sup>©</sup> BŪS	CompoNet	profit Net	Ether <b>CAT.</b>	EtherNet/IP		
I/	O type model code	DV CC PR CN PRT EC I								
Ap	plicable encoder type			Ir	cremental/Absol	ute				
	Communication Protocol	DeviceNet 2.0	CC-Link 1.1 or 2	ProfiBus-DP	CompoNet specialized protocol	IEC61158 (IEEE802.3), IEC61784	IEC61158 type 12	IEC61158 (IEEE802.3)		
pe specifications	Baud Rate	Automatically follows the master	10M/5M/2.5M/ 625K/156kbps	Automatically follows the master	Automatically follows the master	100Mbps	Automatically follows the master	10BASE-T/ 100BASE-T (Autonegotiation setting is recommended)		
Field network ty	Communications Cable	Use the dedicated cable	Use the dedicated cable	STP cable AWG18	Round-type cable (JIS C3306, VCTF2 conductors) Flat cable I (with no sheathed) Flat cable II (sheathed)	Category 5e or higher (Double shielded cable braided with aluminum foil recommended)	Category 5e or higher (Double shielded cable braided with aluminum foil recommended)	Category 5e or higher (Double shielded cable braided with aluminum foil recommended)		
	Connector	MSTBA2.5/5-G- 5.08-ABGY AU (Manufactured by PHOENIX CONTACT or equivalent)	MSTBA2.5/5-G- 5.08 AU (Manufactured by PHOENIX CONTACT or equivalent)	9 pin female D-sub Connector	XW7D-PB4-R (Manufactured by OMRON or equivalent)	RJ45 Connector x1pc (per connector)	RJ45 Connector x 2pc (Input x1, Output x1)	RJ45 Connector x1pc (per connector)		

## **Model Description**



#### System Configuration



Note Take note that the following models are not supported by the MSCON: All linear motor models (LSA series), RCS2-RN5N/RP5N/GS5N/GD5N/SD5N/TCA5N/TWA5N/TFA5N/SRA7BD/SRGS7BD/SRGD7BD, NS-SXM□/SZM□ (both incremental specifications only)

## **Operation Mode**

When the MSCON is controlled via a field network, one of the following seven operation modes can be used. The necessary data areas on the PLC side vary depending on the mode, so please consult the MSCON controller manual or contact IAI before use.

Mode	Description
Simple direct input mode	The target position is specified by directly entering a value, while other operating conditions (speed, acceleration, etc.) are set by specifying the desired position number corresponding to the desired operating conditions already input to the position data table.
Positioner 1 mode	The target position, speed, acceleration/deceleration, etc., are input to the position data table of the controller and input position numbers are specified to operate the actuator (maximum 256 points). The current position can be read, as well.
Direct input mode	The actuator is operated by specifying the target position, speed, acceleration/deceleration, push current control value, etc., by directly entering values. The current position, current speed, command current, etc., can also be read.
Direct input mode 2	Same as the direct input mode, except that jog operation is not supported and vibration control is added.
Positioner 2 mode	Same as the positioner 1 mode, except that the target position is not specified and reading of current position not supported, in order to reduce the amount of data to be transmitted/received.
Positioner 3 mode	Same as the positioner 2 mode, with the amount of data to be transmitted/received reduced further to allow for actuator operation with minimum input/output signals.
Remote I/O mode (*)	In this mode, the actuator is operated by controlling the ON/OFF of bits via the network, just like with the PIO specification. The number of positioning points and functions vary with each of the operation patterns (PIO patterns) that can be set by the controller's parameter.

(\*) Take note that if the remote I/O mode is selected, all axes will operate in the remote I/O mode.

## List of Functions for Operation Mode

	Simple direct input mode	Positioner 1 mode	Direct input mode	Direct input mode 2	Positioner 2 mode	Positioner 3 mode
Number of positions	Unlimited	256 points	Unlimited	Unlimited	256 points	256 points
Home return operation	0	0	0	0	0	0
Positioning operation	0	$\bigtriangleup$	0	0	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$
Speed & acceleration/ deceleration setting	Δ	Δ	0	0	Δ	Δ
Pitch feed (inching)	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	0	0	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$
Push-motion operation	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	0	0	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$
Speed change during movement	Δ	$\bigtriangleup$	0	0	Δ	Δ
Pause	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zone signal output	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$
Vibration control	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	_	0	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$
Reading of current value	0	0	0	0	_	_
Selection of PIO pattern	_			—	_	—

\*O indicates that direct setting is possible; 🛆 indicates that position data or parameter must be input; and — indicates that the function is not supported.

		Remote I/O mode							
	Positioning mode	Teaching mode	256-point mode	Solenoid valve mode 1	Solenoid valve mode 2				
Number of positions	64 points	64 points	256 points	7 points	3 points				
Home return operation	0	0	0	0	—				
Positioning operation	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$				
Speed & acceleration/ deceleration setting	$\bigtriangleup$	Δ							
Pitch feed (inching)	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	—				
Push-motion operation	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	—				
Speed change during movement	Δ	Δ							
Pause	0	0	0	0	—				
Zone signal output	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$				
Vibration control	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$	$\bigtriangleup$				
Reading of current value	_	_	_	_	_				
Selection of PIO pattern	0	0	0	0	0				

\*O indicates that direct setting is possible; 🛆 indicates that position data or parameter must be input; and — indicates that the function is not supported.

## Explanation of I/O Signal Functions

The table below explains the functions assigned to the controller's I/O signals. The controller can be operated by setting the remote I/O mode, selecting one of modes 0 to 5, and then turning each port number ON/OFF via the network.

		Setting of MSCON Parameter No. 25									
		Posit	ioning mode	Tea	iching mode	256	-point mode	Soleno	id valve mode 1	Solenoid valve mode 2	
			0		1		2		4	5	
Classification	Port No.	Code	Signal name	Code	Signal name	Code	Signal name	Code	Signal name	Code	Signal name
	0	PC1		PC1		PC1		ST0	Start position 0	ST0	Start position 0
	1	PC2		PC2		PC2		ST1	Start position 1	ST1	Start position 1
	2	PC4	Command	PC4	Command	PC4		ST2	Start position 2	ST2	Start position 2
	3	PC8	number	PC8	number	PC8	Command	ST3	Start position 3		
	4	PC16		PC16		PC16	position number	ST4	Start position 4		
	5	PC32		PC32		PC32		ST5	Start position 5		
	6			MODE	Teaching mode command	PC64		ST6	Start position 6		Cannot be used
PLC output	7	—	Cannot be used	JISL	Jog/inch switching	PC128		_	Cannot		
Ļ	8	—		JOG+	Jogging in + direction	_	Cannot be used	_	be used	_	
MSCON input	9	BKRL	Forced brake release	JOG-	Jogging in - direction	BKRL	Forced brake release	BKRL	Forced brake release	BKRL	Forced brake release
	10	_	Cannot be used		Cannot be used	_	Cannot be used	_	Cannot be used		
	11	HOME	Home return	HOME	Home return	HOME	Home return	HOME	Home return	—	Cannot be used
	12	*STP	Pause	*STP	Pause	*STP	Pause	*STP	Pause	_	
	13	CSTR	Positioning start	CSTR/ PWRT	Positioning start/ position data load command	CSTR	Positioning start	_	Cannot be used	_	
	14	RES	Reset	RES	Reset	RES	Reset	RES	Reset	RES	Reset
	15	SON	Servo ON command	SON	Servo ON command	SON	Servo ON command	SON	Servo ON command	SON	Servo ON command
	0	PM1	Complete position number	PM1	Complete position number	PM1	Complete position number	PE0	Position complete 0	LS0	Rear end movement command 0
	1	PM2		PM2		PM2		PE1	Position complete 1	LS1	Rear end movement command 1
	2	PM4		PM4		PM4		PE2	Position complete 2	LS2	Rear end movement command 2
	3	PM8		PM8		PM8		PE3	Position complete 3	—	Cannot be used
	4	PM16		PM16		PM16		PE4	Position complete 4		
	5	PM32		PM32		PM32		PE5	Position complete 5	_	
MSCON	6	MOVE	Moving signal	MOVE	Moving signal	PM64		PE6	Position complete 6	_	
output	7	ZONE1	Zone 1	MODES	Teaching mode signal	PM128		ZONE1	ZONE1	ZONE1	ZONE1
↓ PLC	8	PZONE/ ZONE2	Position zone/ Zone 2	PZONE/ ZONE1	Position zone/ Zone 1	PZONE/ ZONE1	Position zone/ Zone 1	PZONE/ ZONE2	Position zone/ Zone 2	PZONE/ ZONE2	Position zone/ Zone 2
input	9	—	Cannot be used	—	Cannot be used	—	Cannot be used	—	Cannot be used	—	Cannot be used
	10	HEND	Home return complete	HEND	Home return complete	HEND	Home return complete	HEND	Home return complete	HEND	Home return complete
	11	PEND	Positioning complete signal	PEND/ WEND	Positioning complete signal/position data load complete	PEND	Positioning complete signal	PEND	Positioning complete signal	_	Cannot be used
	12	SV	Ready	SV	Ready	SV	Ready	SV	Ready	SV	Ready
	13	*EMGS	Emergency stop	*EMGS	Emergency stop	*EMGS	Emergency stop	*EMGS	Emergency stop	*EMGS	Emergency stop
	14	*ALM	Alarm	*ALM	Alarm	*ALM	Alarm	*ALM	Alarm	*ALM	Alarm
	15	*BALM	Absolute battery voltage low warning	*BALM	Absolute battery voltage low warning	*BALM	Absolute battery voltage low warning	*BALM	Absolute battery voltage low warning	*BALM	Absolute battery voltage low warning

In the table above, \* accompanying each code indicates a negative logic signal.

## **List of Base Controller Specifications**

	Item	Specification			
Number of controlle	d axes	1 to 6 axes			
Control power-suppl	y voltage	DC 24 V ± 10%			
Control power-suppl	v current consumption	2.4 A max.			
Control power-suppl	v rush current (Note 1)	7 A max., 5 msec or less			
Drive (motor) power-	Drive power-supply voltage AC 115 V specification	AC 100 to 115 V ± 10%			
supply voltage	Drive power-supply voltage AC 230 V specification	AC 200 to 230 V ± 10%			
Drive (motor)	Drive power-supply voltage AC 115 V specification	20 A, 10 A max. within 80 msec (Drive power-supply voltage 100 V 25°C ambience) 45 A, 10 A max. within 80 msec (Drive power-supply voltage 115 V x 10%, 40°C ambience)			
current (Note 1)	Drive power-supply voltage AC 230 V specification	45 A, 10 A max. within 40 msec (Drive power-supply voltage 200 V 25°C ambience) 95 A, 10 A max. within 40 msec (Drive power-supply voltage 230 V x 10%, 40°C ambience)			
Connectable actuator	Drive power-supply voltage AC 115 V specification	200 W max. per axis (Total of 6 axes limited to 450 W)			
motor capacity	Drive power-supply voltage AC 230 V specification	200 W max. per axis (Total of 6 axes limited to 900 W)			
Electromagnetic bra with brake is connec	ke power-supply voltage (when actuator ted)	DC 24 V ± 10%			
Brake power-supply	current	1 A max. per axis (0.5 A per axis in steady state)			
Brake power-supply	rush current (Note 1)	10 A max., 10 msec or less			
Leak current (Note 2)		3.5 mA (motor power supply) <ul> <li>No leak current from the control power supply or brake power supply</li> </ul>			
Motor control method		Sinusoidal PWM vector current control			
Applicable encoder		Incremental serial encoder Absolute serial encoder			
Serial communication (SIO port: Teaching only)		RS485: 1 channel (conforming to Modbus protocol) / Speed: 9.6 to 230.4 kbps			
External interface		DeviceNet, CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, CompoNet, PROFINET IO, Ethernet/IP, EtherCAT			
Data setting/input m	ethod	PC software, touch panel teaching, gateway parameter setting tool			
Data retention memo	ory	Saving of position data and parameters to nonvolatile memory (Memory can be rewritten an unlimited number of times)			
Number of positionin	ng points	Max. 256 points (Not limited in the simple direct input mode or direct input mode) Note: The number of positioning points varies depending on the operation mode selected by the parameter.			
LED display (installed	d on the front panel)	Driver status LED x 2 Fieldbus status LED x 2 Gateway status LED x 5 Power-supply status LED x 2			
Electromagnetic brake for	prced release switch (installed on the front panel)	Switched between NOM (standard) and RLS (forced releases)			
Protective function		Overload, overcurrent, overvoltage, etc.			
Electric shock protec	tion mechanism	Class I			
Isolation resistance		DC 500 V, 10 MΩ or more			
Withstand voltage		AC 1500 V for 1 minute			
External dimensions		225W×154H×115D			
Weight	Incremental specification (When drivers for 6 axes are installed)	Approx. 1900g			
weight	Absolute specification (When drivers for 6 axes are installed)	Approx. 2000g			
Cooling method		Forced air cooling			
	Ambient operating temperature	0 to 40°C			
Environmont	Ambient operating humidity	85% RH or less (non-condensing)			
Liwionnent	Operating ambience	[Refer to manual chapter 1.7, "Installation and Storage Environment."]			
	Protection degree	IP20			

Note 1: Take note that the rush current value varies depending on the impedance of the power supply line.

Note 2: Leak current varies depending on the motor capacity to be connected, cable length, and ambient environment. To protect against leak current, measure leak current at locations where the earth leakage breaker is set.

An earth leakage breaker must be selected that serves the specific purpose required, such as fire protection and injury protection. Use an earth leakage breaker of harmonic wave type (inverter type).

#### **Power Supply Selection**

With the MSCON controller, motor driver power (AC 115 V/AC 230 V) and control power (DC 24 V) must be supplied separately. Check the necessary power-supply capacity according to the table below.

		, ,		RS: Rotary actuator
Motor Drive	Actuator motor W number	Motor power supply capacity [VA]	Momentary maximum motor power-supply capacity [VA]	Heat output [W]
	12	41	123	1.7
Capacity	20	50	150	2.0
	30D (other than RS)	47	141	2.0
	30R (RS)	138	414	4.0
	60	146	438	4.8
Selecting the	100	238	714	7.0
Circuit Breaker	150	328	984	8.3
	200	421	1263	9.2

Select the circuit breaker as follows:

• Three times the rated current will flow through the controller during acceleration/deceleration. (Refer to "Momentary maximum motor power-supply capacity" above).

Select a circuit breaker that will not trip when this current flows. If the selected circuit breaker trips under this current, select another breaker of the next higher rated current. (Confirm on the operation characteristic curve in the manufacturer's catalog to confirm that the circuit breaker will not trip.)

- Select a circuit breaker that will not trip due to rush current. (Confirm on the operation characteristic curve in the manufacturer's catalog to confirm that the circuit breaker will not trip.)
- Select a rated break current that will break the circuit even when a short-circuit current flows. Rated break current > Short-circuit current = Primary power-supply capacity of circuit breaker / Power-supply voltage <Rated current of circuit breaker>

Consider allowance when selecting the rated current of circuit breaker.

Total sum of motor power-supply capacities of all actuators connected [VA] / AC input voltage x Safety factor (Rough guide: 1.2 to 1.3)

<u>10.5</u>

the DIN rail)

10.5

#### Control Power-supply (DC 24-V) Capacity

Calculate the DC 24-V power-supply capacity as follows:

(1) Current consumption of control power supply: Select the applicable control power-supply current shown in the table below <=> ①

Number of controlled axes (Note 1)	1 axis	2 axes	3 axes	4 axes	5 axes	6 axes
Heat generation from control power supply [W]	25.5	31.5	38.2	44.2	50.9	56.9
Control power-supply current [A]	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4

(Note 1): Check the maximum number of controlled axes that can be connected to the MSCON. This information is available on the manufacturer's nameplate. MSCON-C-\*-...:\* represents the maximum number of axes that can be connected.

(2) Current consumption of brake power supply: 1 A or 0.5 A (Note 2) x Number of actuators with brakes <=> ②

(Note 2): When the brake is released, up to 1 A of current will flow per actuator for a period of approx. 100 ms. If this maximum current can be accommodated by the DC 24-V power supply used which is capable of handling momentary load fluctuation at the time of peak load, etc., calculate at 0.5 A/unit. If not, calculate at 1 A/unit.

(3) Rush current of control power supply: 7 A/unit <=>  $\Im$ 

#### [Selection of power supply]

Normally a power supply whose rated current is approx. 1.3 times is selected by considering approx. 30% of allowance on top of the load current of (1 + (2)) above. Since the current of (3) will flow for a short period, select a power supply of the "peak load accommodation" specification or having enough allowance. If the selected power supply has no allowance, voltage may drop momentarily. In particular, pay attention to the power supply with remote sensing function.

#### **External Dimensions**

#### Incremental specification



#### **Absolute specification**







\* The first regenerative resistor unit connected to the MSCON should be the RESU-2/RESUD-2. The regenerative resistor unit connected to this regenerative resistor unit should be the RESU-1/RESUD-1.



~800 2 ~900 3

Note:

The numbers of units to be connected are reference values based on the following operating conditions: [Conditions] Operate the actuator to travel back and forth over 1000 mm at the maximum speed, acceleration/deceleration of 0.3 G, rated load, and operation duty of 50%. Depending on the operating conditions, an error may generate and regenerative resistance greater than the applicable value shown in the table above may be required. In this case, add a regenerative resistor unit or units. Note that only up to four regenerative resistor units can be connected. If five or more units are connected, a failure may occur.





#### **Maintenance Parts**

Please refer to the models listed below if a cable needs to be exchanged, etc., after your purchase.









The information contained in this catalog is subject to change without notice for the purpose of product inprovement





#### **IAI Industrieroboter GmbH**

Ober der Röth 4 D-65824 Schwalbach / Frankfurt Germany Tel.:+49-6196-8895-0 Fax:+49-6196-8895-24 E-Mail: info@IAI-GmbH.de Internet: http://www.eu.IAI-GmbH.de

#### IAI America, Inc.

2690 W. 237th Street, Torrance, CA 90505, U.S.A Phone: +1-310-891-6015, Fax: +1-310-891-0815

## IAI (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

Shanghai Jiahua Business Center A8-303, 808, Hongqiao Rd., Shanghai 200030, China Phone: +86-21-6448-4753, Fax: +86-21-6448-3992

#### IAI CORPORATION

577-1 Obane, Shimizu-Ku, Shizuoka, 424-0103, Japan Phone: +81-543-64-5105, Fax: +81-543-64-5192

**IAI Robot (Thailand) Co., Ltd** 825 PhairojKijja Tower 12th Floor, Bangna-Trad RD., Bangna, Bangna, Bangkok 10260, Thailand Phone: +66-2-361-4457, Fax: +66-2-361-4456

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